# The WHY, WHAT and HOW of review of EWCs

or "Placebos don't cure!"

rjagodzinski@etui.org

European Trade Union Institute

Acknowledgements: Stan De Spiegelaere,

prof. Jeremy Waddington

prof. Filip Dorssemont



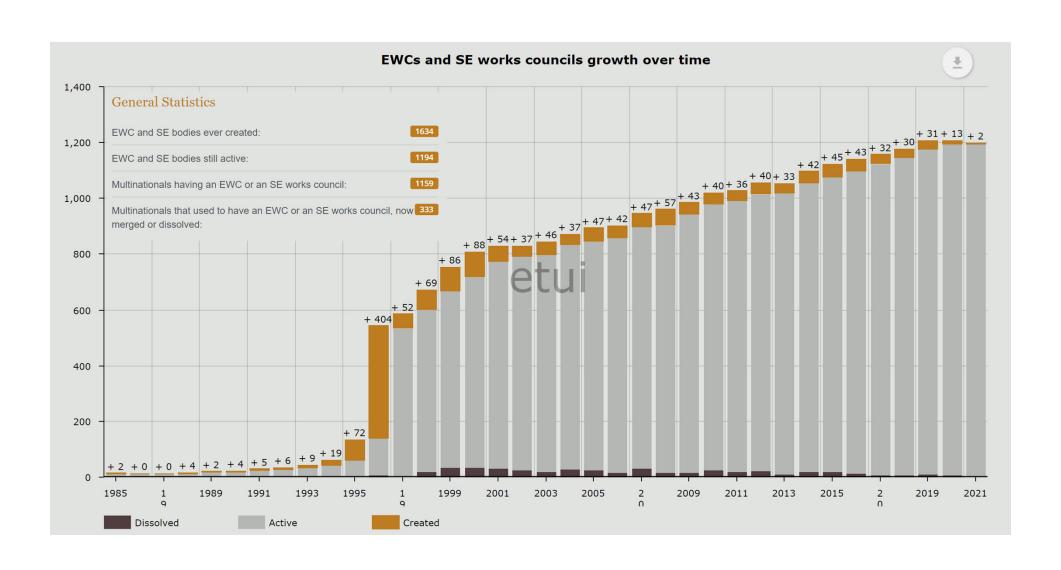
Konferencja NSZZ Solidarność

Gdańsk, 11 Maja 2021

### Context

- EWC Directive 94/45/EC reviewed in 2008 → replaced with EWC Recast Directive 2009/38/EC
- 2. EWC Recast entry into force: 06/06/2011
- 3. By 05/06/2016 '
  the Commission shall report to the European Parliament, the Council and the European Economic and Social Committee on the implementation of this Directive, making appropriate proposals where necessary.'
- 4. On 14/05/2018 the European Commission issued
  - Report on the implementation of Directive 2009/39
  - Evaluation Staff Working Document

# How many EWCs?



# Agenda

- 1. The WHY: research & survey evidence
- 2. The WHAT: Analysis of the Implementation Report
- 3. The **HOW**:
  - 1. Analysis of the past review/recast procedure: lessons learnt
  - 2. Considerations for future



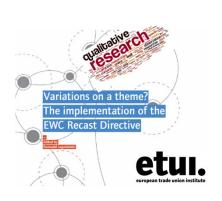
#### the





# Commission's Implementation Report (before 2018)

 Unprecedented amount of relevant research: various methods and angles + converging conclusions













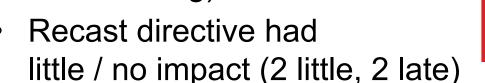


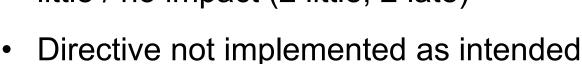
# Overview of evaluation studies: findings (before 2018)

Directive is still not fit for purpose



EWCs unable to play their role (timing of I&C, meaningless consult., restructuring)

































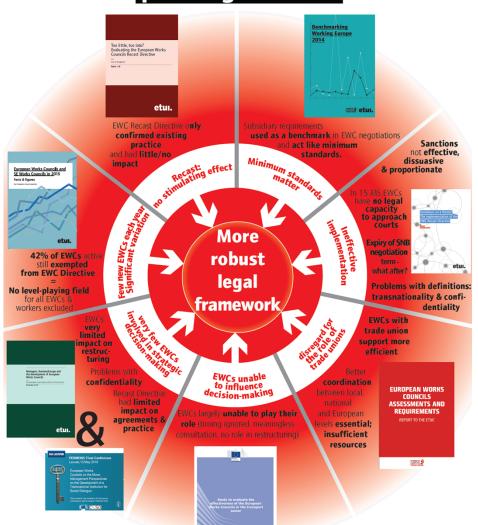


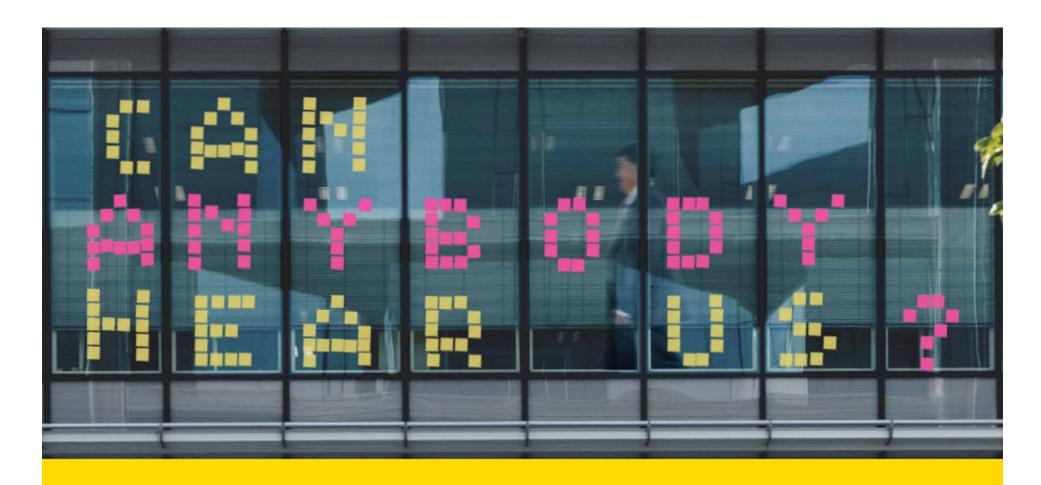


# Relevant research on EWC functioning before 2018

Unprecedented amount of relevant research: various methods and angles + converging conclusions

# Changes to the EWC legal framework: pressing evidence





# Can anybody hear us?

An overview of the 2018 survey of EWC and SEWC representatives by Stan De Spiegelaere & Romuald Jagodziński



# 2018 EWC Survey



#### Information & consultation

 Only 22% consulted before the final decision

#### Restructuring

- 91% are engaged with restructuring projects
- Less than 13% had a timely extraordinary meeting

#### Communication

67% always try to align positions between countries

#### Management

- Able: 67% say decisionmakers are present
- But not willing: only 39% say management tries to find solutions

#### **Training**

- 38% have received no training

#### Conflicts

- 16% had experienced a serious conflict
- Few cases went to court

#### Art. 13, Art. 6 and SEWCs

Few differences in practiceLegal base different

#### Trade union coordinator

 Where a trade union coordinator is present, the EWC's internal organisation is better.

#### Changes over time

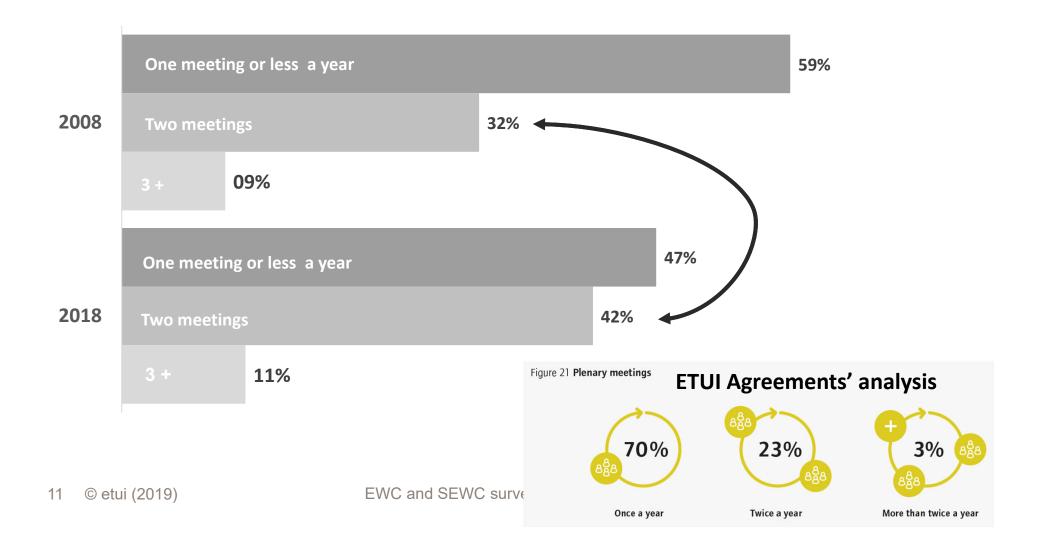
- More meetings per year
- Little improvement

#### Demands for the future

Enforcement: 83% want a prohibition of decisions taken without prior consultation

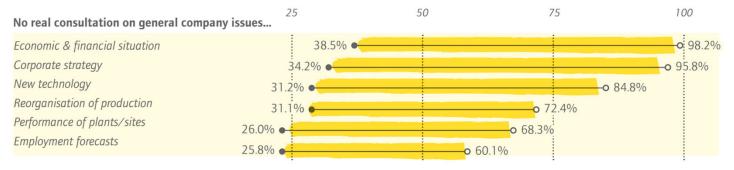


# Number of meetings



### Information and consultation. Agenda and quality

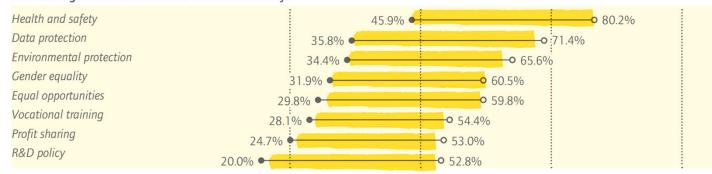
#### % EWC members who considered there was 'useful information and consultation' on each issue that had been raised



#### A bit more mixed for restructuring...



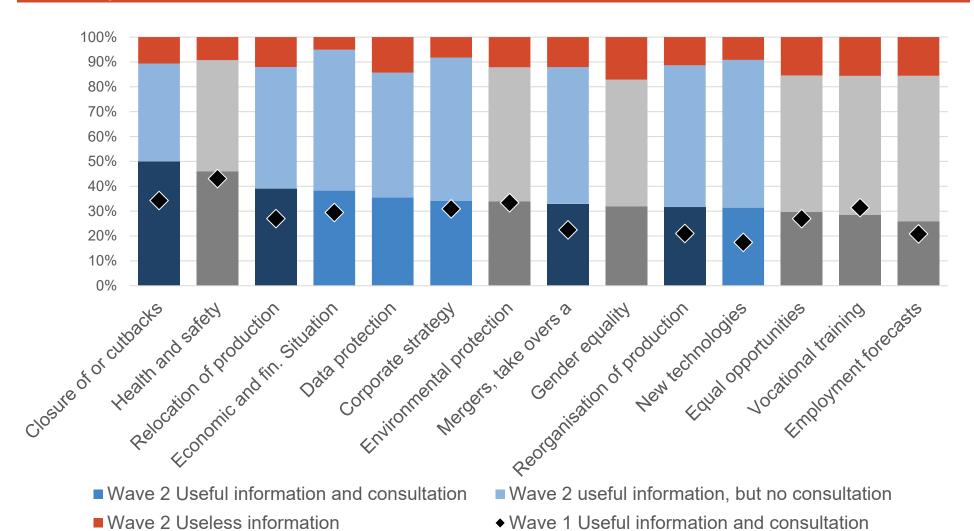
#### Extended agenda: consultation for health and safety...



<sup>•</sup> Topics raised in the last three years, % EWC reps

<sup>%</sup> EWC members who considered there was 'useful information and consultation'

# Quality of I&C on those topics raised



# Timing of information



#### Before the decision on the issue is finalised

Only one in five EWC members think they are generally informed and/ or consulted before the final decision of the company has been taken.

#### After the decisions are finalised, but before implementation

The largest group thinks information and/ or consultation takes place after the final decision but before its implementation.

#### **During the** implementation process

One in five says they are generally only informed and/or consulted during implementation.

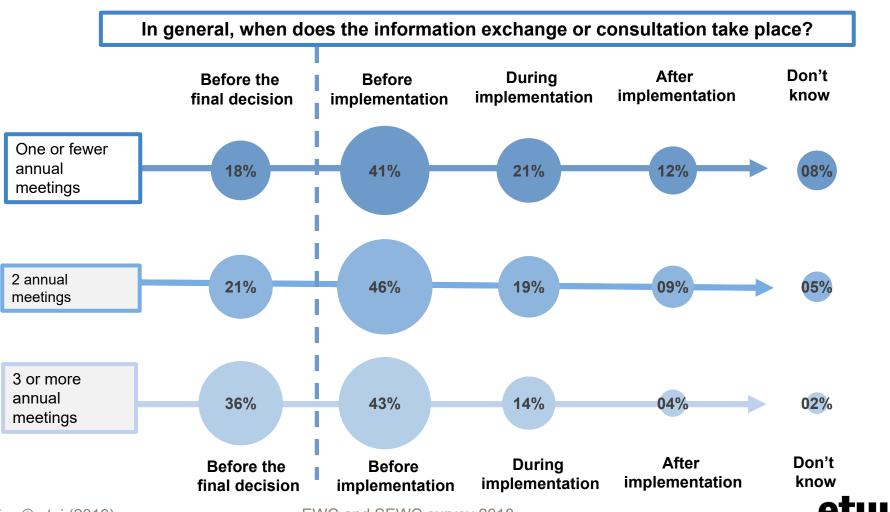
#### After implementation

One in ten even thinks they are generally informed after the fact. after implementation

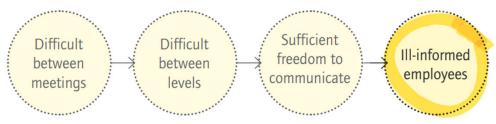
Don't know



## Timing of information and consultation



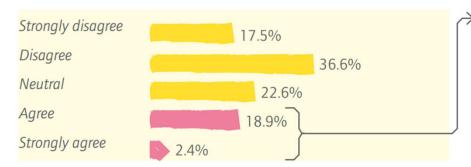
# **Communication. Employees**



Employees not well informed about EWC

https://www.brusselstimes.com/belgium/167397/people-aged-over-40-in-brussels-can-now-register-for-coronavirus-vaccine-bruvax-

I think the employees in my company are well informed about what we do in the EWC

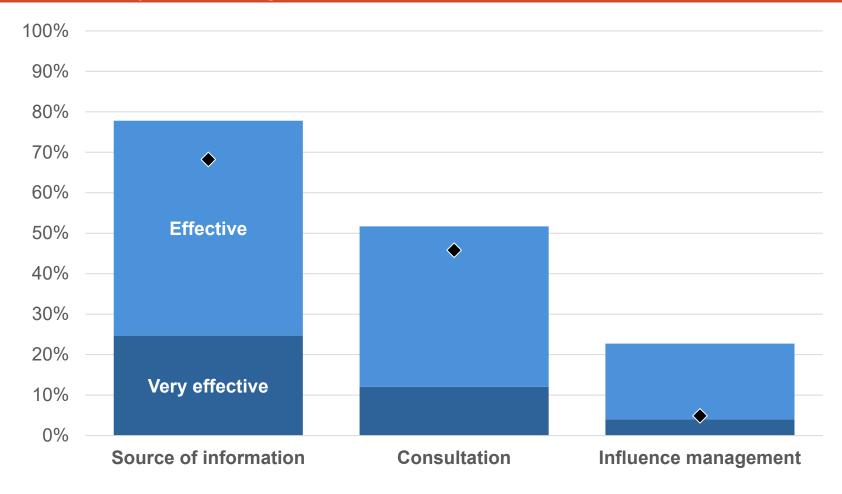


Well-informed? Better with a coordinator \_

#### Are employees well-informed?



# EWC Plenary meeting effectiveness



Please do not cite



#### The power of the management

If the mgmt wants to... there is early involvement of the EWC

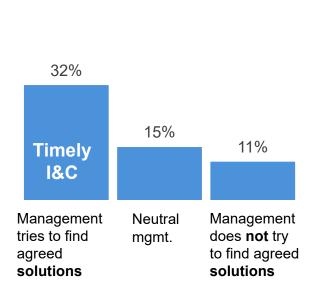
If the mgmt wants to... the EWC is really **consulted** 

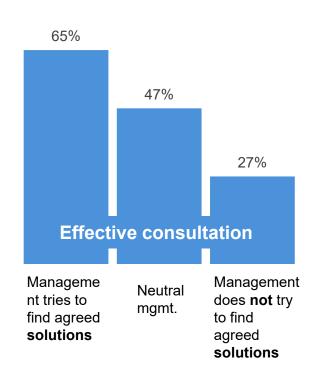
If the mgmt wants to... the EWC can **influence** decisions

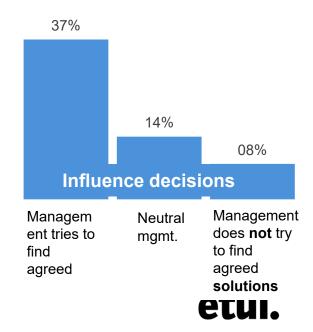
% EWC representatives that think they are informed **before** a final decision is taken

% EWC representatives that the EWC meetings are effective for **consultation** 

% EWC representatives that the EWC meetings are effective for **influencing management decisions** 







# When the times get tough

#### Serious conflicts



16% of the EWC representatives had a serious dispute with the management over the EWC functioning in the last three years.

# The core question: what cure for what disease?

#### Healing the EWCs:

- 1) Diagnosis: diseases/symptoms & root causes
- 2) Prescription/medicine: Commission's proposal
- 3) Evaluation: does medicine address the disease & causes?



#### the

# WHAT



# Criteria for evaluating the review

# 1. Purpose of the Recast Directive (Preamble and body):

'The purpose of this Directive is to improve the right to information and to consultation of employees in Community-scale undertakings and Community-scale groups of undertakings.' (Art. 1, Recital 7)

#### + fundamental right (CFREU, Art. 27)

BUT: the fundamental nature of the right to I&C has NOT been a catalyst for empowering the judiciary of the MS to disapply provisions contrary to the EU directives implementing this right (Association de Médiation sociale, C-176/12).

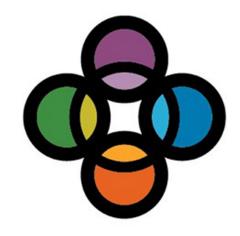
#### + step down from 94/45/EC:

"to examine whether the workforce size thresholds were appropriate" NOT present in 2009/38/EC

# Commission's criteria for evaluating the review (2)

### 2. Criteria (directive)

- Effectiveness
- Increasing the proportion [number] of EWC's established
- Continuity of the functioning of existing agreement
- Solving practical problems
- Remedying the lack of legal certainty
- Improving the linking between various EU instruments on I&C



etuı.

# Proper review: two (paralel) routes

- Review of the implementation + enforcement (of proper implementation (monitoring and securing compliance and sanctioning non-compliance);
- Review of the directive's provisions and identification of loopholes and problems → a revision of the directive.



# Analysis of the Commission's Implementation Report

- I. Problems identified, proposed solutions adequate;
- II. Problems identified, proposed solutions inadequate;
- III. Problems identified for which no solutions proposed;
- IV. Issues mentioned in the Report but not problematised
- V. **Problems ignored**, but needing a solution

# Problems identified, proposed solutions adequate





# Problems identified, proposed solutions inadequate

- The sluggish increase in EWCs population [proportion]
- Lacks of awareness, voluntarism, IR traditions, lack of enforcement, scepticism of managers
- sanctions not meeting the criteria of being 'proportionate, effective and dissuasive'

'The evidence of the operation of the redress and sanction system indicates that it does not fully meet the objectives of the availability of 'appropriate measures' to be pursued where the obligations relating to an EWC are not met.' (Implementation Report SWD 2018)



'continue to support Member States' work to improve implementation of the Directive's provisions, and will facilitate exchanges between Member States, notably on the design of 'effective, proportionate and dissuasive'

# Problems identified for which no solutions proposed

- Lack of financing means for litigation by EWCs
- The situation of article 13 EWCs
- The flawed definition of 'controlling undertaking'
- Unclear definition/concept of transnationality
- The timing and content of information & information
- Limited influence on company decision making
- Articulation between the levels of I&C priority/sequence of information & consultation processes
- Abuse of confidentiality clauses
- Right to request external expertise
- Enforcement of obligations
- Access to courts: lack of legal status of EWCs and means
- The role of trade unions and local works councils.



- Handbook
- More financing for EWCs



# Issues mentioned in the Report, but not problematised

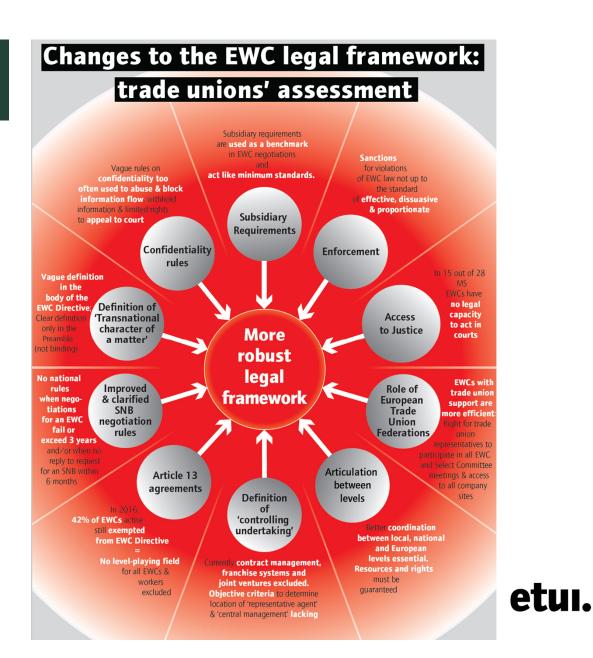
- Coherence with other EU instruments on workers' information and consultation
- Unclarity regarding the resources for reporting back
- The flawed transpositions of the Directive in national law
- Training (content mainly national or English training)
- TCA's and EWCs
- Subsidiary requirements (lacking procedures to apply)

# Problems ignored, but needing a solution

#### Not exhaustive:

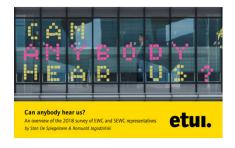
- Information on eligible companies
- Calculation methods of employees and definition of employees (temporary agency workers, etc.)
- Regime shopping
- Renegotiation of old agreements
- New areas of EWC competence
- Cost of training explicitly to be borne by companies
- Protection against victimisation of workers setting up EWCs
- Explicit sanctions
- Meetings without management before and after (not only SNB)

# What priorities for future?



# What should be changed?

Better sanctions and enforcement are on the top of the wish list of EWC members



#### More effective enforcement and sanctions



#### Information quality and scope



#### **Resources and expertise**



#### Meetings





#### the

# 



# Procedural history: lessons learnt

- 1.1 First review of implementation of Directive 94/45/EC:
  - Overdue (2000 vs. 1999) and unrivalled
  - Despite numerous faults found did not lead to any 'making appropriate proposals where necessary'
- 1.2 consultation with the Social Partners ambiguity
  - First stage opened in 2004
  - Second stage (claimed): 2005 (March) Claimed/rivalled (procedural)
  - Second stage: reopened 2008



# Procedural history: lessons learnt

#### 2. Political actors of change



- ETUC: Numerous demands, position, letters (half)unsuccessful
- BusinessEurope: limit legislation / damage control, against (half)successful
- EESC: opinions and positions (2003, 2006, 2009) unsuccessful/not decisive
- European Parliament: resolutions of 2006 and 2007 not decisive
- European Commission:
  - Implementation Report 2000:
    - no proposal for change/revision + no infringement procedure
  - Review (recast) of the Directive 2009/38/EC initiated only at the impulse (2007) from the forthcoming French Presidency of the Council (2008)
  - Evolution: 1990s (for) 2010s (against)
  - Implementation Report 2018: no proposal for change/revision + no infringement procedure (so far)

#### **Conclusions:**

- 1. Commission's capacity to initiate change limited
- 2. the source of political initiative and change: most probably external (not the Commission)

## The core question: what cure for what disease?

## Healing the EWCs:

- Diagnosis: diseases/symptoms & root causes
- 2) Prescription/medicine
  - creating and sharing a practical handbook for practitioners;
  - funding for social partners to support the implementation and effectiveness of EWCs;
  - ensuring the full transposition of key provisions of the Recast Directive in MS
- 3) Evaluation: does medicine address the disease & causes?



## Considerations for future

- Many improvements easily available: move recitals to body (transnationality, articulation, sanctions)
- Review without consultation with social partners?
- Enforcement directive?
- Who will give impulse? MS, EP…?

# Summary & conclusions





Adequate solutions?







# Thank you for attention Questions & comments welcome

rjagodzinski@etui.org filip.dorssemont@uclouvain.be